Basic Starting Points for Spine Injections

- Lumbar TF ESI:
 - Profile the disc in the CC plane
 - Angle out 20-30 degrees until the facet no longer obscures the "safe triangle"
 - Contrast images: AP and lat
 - Treatment image: AP
 - Usually 22G 6" needle
- Lumbar paramedian interlaminar ESI:
 - Roll out 10 degrees from AP
 - Angle CC such that the horseshoe-shaped window between the lamina and the spinous process terminates at the inferior endplate of the vertebra (just above the disc level in question)
 - Contrast images: AP and lat
 - Treatment image: lat (looking for intrathecal contrast)
 - Usually 25G 3.5" needle
- <u>S1 TF ESI</u>:
 - No CC angle
 - Rotate out 15 degress unless you have imaging showing you that is wrong
 - Contrast images: AP and lat
 - Treatment image: AP
 - Usually 25G 3.5" needle
- Cervical SNRB/TF ESI:
 - No CC angle
 - Roll out 40-45 degrees
 - Bring the needle 2 mm inside the edge of the lateral mass for a SNRB and roughly halfway across the lateral mass for a TF ESI.
 - Contrast images: AP and oblique
 - Treatment image: AP
 - Note: good example of variability in approach—some attendings like a little CC tilt to get under osteophytes and some vary the obliquity based on level (~40 at C4-5, ~50 at 5-6, etc.)
 - o 25G needle, whether 2, 2.5, or 3.5"

These are the default starting points, though some people adjust this a little and some patients require creative approaches with non-standard angles.