#### KNEE \*\*IMAGE\*\*

- 2. Sag PD—Include all bone through ligaments
- 3. Sag T2 cl fat
- 4. Ax T2 cl fat-4 slices above patella through tib/fib joint
- 5. Cor PD-If protocoled Knee Pain/Menisci/Ligaments or
  - Cor T1-If protocoled Knee AVN/OCD/FX
- Cor PD cl fat –Popliteal Artery through patella
- 7a. 1.5T Obl Ax PD cl FAT Through Meniscus
- ▶no need to run if SAG PD CUBE FAT is done
- 7b. 3T Sag PD CUBE cl FAT (skin to skin)

## RP3, MR5, MR6, TAC 2has Sag PD CUBE FAT (Freq

- ► Scan must be no longer than 5:30. Increase Hypersense factor
- planes. The current MSK reformat is set at 1.5, so it will need to be adjusted.
- \*\*\* If Large Flex used, run "old" Sag CUBE PD FAT protocol under Lg flex header and cover skin to skin ▶if coil doesn't allow slice accel replace with OBL Ax PD cl FAT

- add an additional Sagittal STIR

## MSK TIPS:

Request:

wo

wo/w

MRI Knee

MRI Knee

USE 8 or 16

ch knee coil

when possible

Opt 2: 16 ch

wrap coil

Contrast:

Multihance

.1mmol/kg

Max 20 mL

Low eGFR

inpatient

Dose: No

Change

Request:

►Thigh

**▶**Calf

**►** Knee

Contrast:

Multihance

1mmol/kg

Max 20 mL

Low eGFR

No Change

inpatient Dose:

Request: MRI Thigh wo

Coil:

8 Ch or

12 Ch Body

array

MRI wo/w

- Ensure extremity of interest is as isocenter as possible
- SHIM all Fat sat scans!!
- Use Smallest coil possible to ensure coverage for anatomy

#### TIBIAL STRESS FRACTURE (Best on 3T)

#### ▶ Place marker at max pain or at upper & lower limits.

- 1. 3 Pl loc \*\*center over area of pain\*\*
- 2. Sag FSTIR (4/.4)
  - \*\*IMAGES\*\*
- 3. Ax T1 (3/1.5)\*\*cover through area of pain/pathology\*\*
- 4. Ax T2 dk fat (3/1.5)
- 5. Long Axis T1 Perpendicular to edema (3/0) (see images)
- 6. Long Axis T2 dk fat Perpendicular to edema (3/0)
  - ► If edema cannot be seen, oblique sagittally to tib/fib

Request: MRI Calf w/o

Coil: 8 ch Cardiac Gems:

30 Small

#### THIGH OR CALF

(Not for hamstring injury, Quadriceps tear, or Tibial stress FX)

### ▶ Place marker at max pain or at upper & lower limits

- 2. & 3. Cor T1 & Cor T2 STIR (5/2)
- 4. & 5. Sag T1 & Sag T2 STIR (5/2)
- & 7. Ax T1 & Ax T2 dk fat (5/1.5 or 7/3 as needed)

MRI Calf or Thigh wo

#### ZIMMER KNEE (RP 1 ONLY) FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS ON BULLITIN BOARD

\*\*Run a **T2 Map** sequence in Knee and spondylo protocols in patient's 18 and Under

Available on TAC 1, TAC 2, RP 1, RP 3, RP4, CSC3, CSC4, CSC 5, CSC 6, AFCH

## Copy FOV, Slice Thickness and Spacing from the Sag T2 in protocol. Reduce number of slices to cover joint.

\*\*On 26.0 scanners sequences are longer. If patient is doing well cover entire joint (8 min scan). If time constraints or patient is moving, OK to run in 2 acquisitions (4:30 scan). Ensure slices at least go through the medial aspect of knee joint (opposite side of fibula).

\*OK to leave out Sag PD Cube Fat when adding T2 Mapping to

## **Functool T2 MAP Post Processing**

Highlight series in Browser, Click Functool

Film Save Report

Functional Maps

Select "Left" next to Visible Maps

Select Multiple Locations

Select Next

Save as SCREENSAVE image

Select Save

Select Save as Processed images

Select Save

Send T2 Map Series and post processing to SOURCE

Color Map post processing can go to ALI

## **READYView T2 Map Post Processing**

Highlight series in Browser, Click READYView In export tab at top of screen Select "Save Function" Volume" (disc with Rainbow)

Select T2 Map, select Processed, and then Save-this saves this series in the browser—Bone will be dark on imagesthis is OK with rads--send to SOURCE

In export tab at top of screen Select "Quick Export" (disc with running stick figure)

Hover over lower right view port (the icon should be a camera) Left Click—this saves this series in the browsersend to-ALI

# S/I) Use Med Flex or 18ch QED coil.

- if needed to include skin to skin.
- ▶ Reformat this sequence at 1mm slice thickness in all three
- 8.\*\*18 and Under—Sag T2 Map if avail \*\* OK to not scan CUBE when T2 Map ran\*\*
- Synovitis: 8. +C Ax T1 dk fat 9. +C Sag T1 dk fat \*\* METAL--SCAN Routine Knee (keep FAT SAT on), but

### OSTEO - ABSCESS - TUMOR "Nine Series Wonder"

\*\*For Long Bone try to get one slice down middle of bone \*\*If there is a small ROI (tumor, mass, or area of pain) OK to decrease FOV after large FOV COR STIR. Ensure to use thinner Axial Slices (5/1) to insure area of interest is adequately covered. Call radiologist to check if questions\*\*

- 1. 3 Pl loc ► SKIN TO SKIN
- 1. & 3. Cor T1 & Cor FSTIR (Knee—Cor T2 Fat)
- 4. & 5. Ax T1 & Ax T2 dk fat (upr and lwr long bones)
- ► Thigh or calf Axial scans: (5/1.5 or 7/3 as needed) 6. & 7. Sag T1 & Sag FSTIR (Knee—Cor T2 Fat)
- **FOR TUMOR**—PRE AX T1 FAT (1 nex-ok if grainy)
- ► 18 and Under Knee-Scan Sag T2 Map 8.+c Cor T1 dk fat 9. +c Sag T1 dk fat
- 10. +c Ax Tl dk fat (upr and lwr long bones)
- ► Metal /poor fat sat: for Ax T2 FAT substitute STIR or T2 No FAT. For T1 FAT substitute T1 No FAT. Only do IDEAL if requested by radiologist.

#### HAMSTRING or QUADRICEPS INJURY

- ▶ Place marker at max pain or at upper & lower limits
- ▶ Prox injury: Prox 2/3 thigh → above ischial tuberosity
- ► Distal injury: Distal 2/3 thigh → below knee, incl prox tibia
- 1. 3 Pl loc
- 2. & 3. Cor T1 & Cor T2 dk fat (5/1.5)
- 4. & 5. Sag T1 & Sag T2 dk fat (5/1.5)
- 6.& 7. Ax T1 & Ax T2 dk fat (5/1.5 or 7/2 as needed)

## QUICK TIBIA (FOR SHIN SPINTS ONLY)

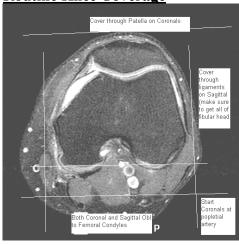
- ► MARKER ON POINT OF MAXIMAL PAIN
- 2. Sag SSFSE (24 fov) Center on single marker
- 3. Ax T2 fat (5/2.5 16 fov) 32 slices with the center slice on marker

#### NEUROGRAM Long Segment Calf (3T ONLY) MONITORED

- 1. 3 Pl loc
- (3/0.5)2. Ax T1
- 3. Ax T2 cl fat
- 4. Cor T1 (3/1) Skin to Skin
- 5. Cor T2 cl fat 6. Sag IDEALarc (3/1)
- +c Axial T1 FAT 8. +c Coronal T1 FAT
- See Instruction sheets for Thigh, Calf Peronal Nerve and Knee Peronal Nerve protocols.
- Request: MRI Calf wo & w Contrast: Multihance 1mmol/kg Max 20 mL Low eGFR inpatient

Dose: No Change

**Routine Knee Coverage** 

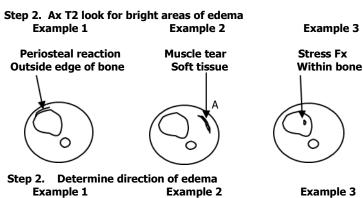


\*\*Back to Protocol\*\*

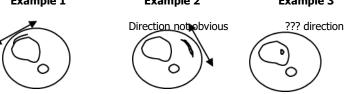
## **Tibial Stress FX Instructions:**

3 Examples of areas of edema

Step 1. Sag STIR look for bright areas of edema



Example 1 Example 2



Step 3. GRx slices long axis perpendicular to edema Example 1 Example 2 Example 3

**Periosteal reaction** Muscle tear Stress Fx within tibia Scan thru tibia & fibula Scan thru entire leg Scan in both planes if unsure Sagittal and Coronal

\*\*Back to Protocol\*\*